



SOCIETY OF CONTAMINATED SITES APPROVED
PROFESSIONALS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Developing a Compliance Strategy for Stage 14 – An Industry Perspective

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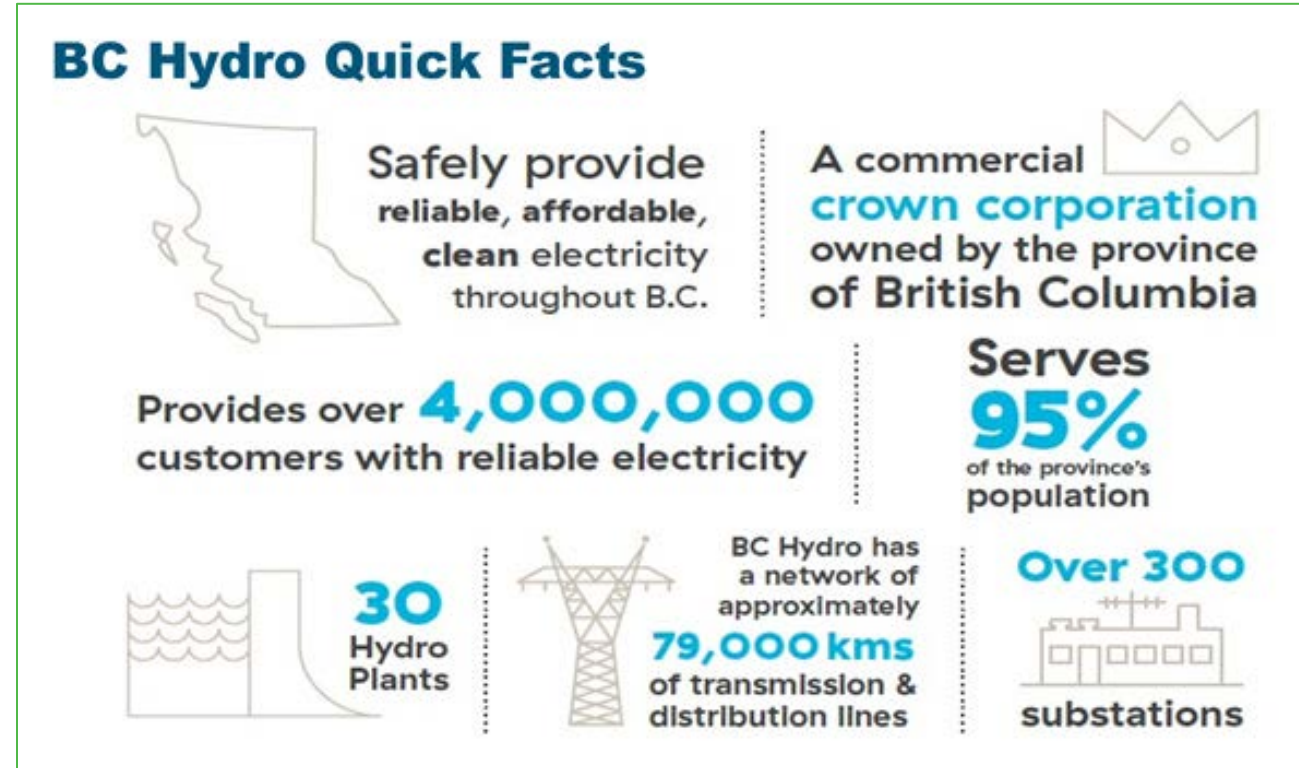
A little bit about BC Hydro

We have a lot of property throughout BC

Crown corporation – created in 1964

Many historic sites from predecessor entities

Over 700 facilities: substations, hydroelectric and thermal generating stations, district offices plus rights of way



Identifying Operational Impacts

How did we determine how big an issue this is for us?

- Communication with environmental personnel on projects and supporting maintenance
- Collecting applicable examples
- What is impact of extra testing, consultants, notifications on budget and timing on work
- Maximize exemption for volumes, reuse on site

Identifying Resourcing Impacts

Who will do the tasks related to clean soil relocation?

- Soil testing
- Vapour testing
- Notifications
- Tracking of notifications and movement of clean soil

What is role of: consultants, BC Hydro QPs, other environmental support



Leveraging Existing Environmental Processes

What existing environmental risk mitigation processes can we use?

- Good awareness of contaminated soil management
- BC Hydro Environment is already involved in capital projects and operations and maintenance activities
- Soil disturbance is a flag for archaeology issues
- Screening checklists are used in the work planning process, which ID environmental issues including soil contamination

Determining Strategy Format and Rollout

How do we respond to the new requirements and communicate this?

- Environment has a change management committee
- Environmental representatives are assigned to identify processes
- Format of the strategy – procedure and tracking system?
- Modify existing processes to include clean soil relocation requirements
- An Implementation Plan is prepared to indicate audience and method of rollout

Managing Uncertainty

What do we still not know?

- Do our existing processes capture all clean soil relocation?
- Details of the regulatory requirements
- Receiving sites acceptance requirements
- Will we have to send some clean soil to permitted facilities
- Access to ministry's notification database
- Extent of soil vapour issue

Soil Vapour for Clean Soil Relocation

Assisting with the process

SLR was retained by BC Hydro to help determine:

- Which sites will get captured (Schedule 2 uses)
- What PCOCs to analyze
- When will soil vapour sampling be required
- How to communicate the information

Typical Schedule 2 Uses

Step 1 – Develop a list of typical Schedule 2 uses for BC Hydro Sites

- ❑ Section B: Electrical equipment and activities
 - ❑ Many of the activities listed apply at operating sites
- ❑ Section E: Miscellaneous industries, operations or activities:
 - ❑ appliance, equipment or engine maintenance, repair, reconditioning, cleaning or salvage (vehicle services)
 - ❑ coal gasification (historical)
- ❑ Section H: Waste disposal and recycling operations and activities:
 - ❑ electrical equipment recycling
 - ❑ hazardous waste storage
- ❑ any other known CSR Schedule 2 Industrial or Commercial use – primarily historical

Typical Activities

Step 2 – For sites with Schedule 2 uses - determine typical activities

- battery fluid handling
- burning of oil / historical fires
- storage and handling of diesel fuels and lubricants
- importing fill of unknown origin or quality
- storage and handling of insulating or hydraulic oil
- fuelling and vehicle maintenance
- presence of galvanized metal structures
- historical use of PCB-oil
- presence of pole storage yards
- improperly stored or used pesticides
- other?

Next Steps

- Develop a site-specific list of PCOCs for soil and soil vapour
- Determine sampling frequency based on volumes planned for removal
- Based on soil results, determine need for vapour analysis
 - Are soil concentrations below the low-density residential land use standard (RL_{LD})?
 - Are there detectable chlorinated substances?

Next Steps

- Review BC Hydro database of soil and soil vapour data
- Determine the likelihood of detection of chlorinated substances or vapour PCOCs
- Develop flow charts and checklists for BC Hydro staff

Challenges

- Lack of confirmed sampling guidance/protocol
- Unclear wording in OIC*
- Difficult to plan, soil data needed to determine if vapour sampling required

* i.e., is soil vapour assessment required if arsenic in soil is above the low-density residential land use standards?

Challenges

- Unknown requirements / future industry standard for frequency of analysis of less common PCOCs
 - approx. \$1700 per sample for full suite of potential soil PCOCs
 - need to use professional judgement in selection/frequency of PCOCs

